FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

Fiscal Agent of the United States

Circular No. 5552 September 23, 1964

OFFERING OF TWO SERIES OF TREASURY BILLS

\$1,300,000,000 of 91-Day Bills, Additional Amount, Series Dated January 3, 1964, Due December 31, 1964
(To Be Issued October 1, 1964)

\$900,000,000 of 182-Day Bills, Dated October 1, 1964, Due April 1, 1965

To All Incorporated Banks and Trust Companies, and Others Concerned, in the Second Federal Reserve District:

Following is the text of a notice issued by the Treasury Department, released for publication today at 4 p.m., Eastern Daylight Saving time:

The Treasury Department, by this public notice, invites tenders for two series of Treasury bills to the aggregate amount of \$2,200,000,000, or thereabouts, for cash and in exchange for Treasury bills maturing October 1, 1964, in the amount of \$2,101,624,000, as follows:

91-day bills (to maturity date) to be issued October 1, 1964, in the amount of \$1,300,000,000, or thereabouts, representing an additional amount of the one-year bills dated January 3, 1964, and to mature December 31, 1964, originally issued in the amount of \$1,000,309,000 (an additional \$900,402,000 was issued July 2, 1964), the additional and original bills to be freely interchangeable.

182-day bills, for \$900,000,000, or thereabouts, to be dated October 1, 1964, and to mature April 1, 1965.

The bills of both series will be issued on a discount basis under competitive and noncompetitive bidding as hereinafter provided, and at maturity their face amount will be payable without interest. They will be issued in bearer form only, and in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 (maturity value).

Tenders will be received at Federal Reserve Banks and Branches up to the closing hour, one-thirty p.m., Eastern Daylight Saving time, Monday, September 28, 1964. Tenders will not be received at the Treasury Department, Washington. Each tender must be for an even multiple of \$1,000, and in the case of competitive tenders the price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimals, e.g., 99,925. Fractions may not be used. It is urged that tenders be made on the printed forms and forwarded in the special envelopes which will be supplied by Federal Reserve Banks or Branches on application therefor.

Banking institutions generally may submit tenders for account of customers, provided the names of the customers are set forth in such tenders. Others than banking institutions will not be permitted to submit tenders except for their own account. Tenders will be received without deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by payment of 2 percent of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated bank or trust company.

Immediately after the closing hour, tenders will be opened at the Federal Reserve Banks and Branches, following which

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public announcement will be made by the Treasury Department of the amount and price range of accepted bids. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to accept or reject any or all tenders, in whole or in part, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Subject to these reservations, noncompetitive tenders for \$200,000 or less for the additional bills dated January 3, 1964 (91 days remaining until maturity date on December 31, 1964) and noncompetitive tenders for \$100,000 or less for the 182-day bills without stated price from any one bidder will be accepted in full at the average price (in three decimals) of accepted competitive bids for the respective issues. Settlement for accepted tenders in accordance with the bids must be made or completed at the Federal Reserve Bank on October 1, 1964, in cash or other immediately available funds or in a like face amount of Treasury bills maturing October 1, 1964. Cash and exchange tenders will receive equal treatment. Cash adjustments will be made for differences between the par value of maturing bills accepted in exchange and the issue price of the new bills.

The income derived from Treasury bills, whether interest or gain from the sale or other disposition of the bills, does not have any exemption, as such, and loss from the sale or other disposition of Treasury bills does not have any special treatment, as such, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. The bills are subject to estate, inheritance, gift or other excise taxes, whether Federal or State, but are exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed on the principal or interest thereof by any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority. For purposes of taxation the amount of discount at which Treasury bills are originally sold by the United States is considered to be interest. Under Sections 454(b) and 1221(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 the amount of discount at which bills issued hereunder are sold is not considered to accrue until such bills are sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, and such bills are excluded from consideration as capital assets. Accordingly, the owner of Treasury bills (other than life insurance companies) issued hereunder need include in his income tax return only the difference between the price paid for such bills, whether on original issue or on subsequent purchase, and the amount actually received either upon sale or redemption at maturity during the taxable year for which the return is made, as ordinary gain or loss.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418 (current revision) and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of their issue. Copies of the circular may be obtained from any Federal Reserve Bank or Branch.

This Bank will receive tenders for both series up to 1:30 p.m., Eastern Daylight Saving time, Monday, September 28, 1964, at the Securities Department of its Head Office and at its Buffalo Branch. Tender forms for the respective series are enclosed. Please use the appropriate forms to submit tenders and return them in an envelope marked "Tender for Treasury Bills." Tenders may be submitted by telegraph, subject to written confirmation; they may not be submitted by telephone. Payment for the Treasury bills cannot be made by credit through the Treasury Tax and Loan Account. Settlement must be made in cash or other immediately available funds or in maturing Treasury bills.

Results of the last offering of Treasury bills (91-day bills to be issued September 24, 1964, representing an additional amount of bills dated June 25, 1964, and maturing December 24, 1964; and 182-day bills dated September 24, 1964, maturing March 25, 1965) are shown on the reverse side of this circular.

Alfred Hayes,

President.

(OVER)

RESULTS OF LAST OFFERING OF TREASURY BILLS (TWO SERIES TO BE ISSUED SEPTEMBER 24, 1964)

Range of Accepted Competitive Bids

	91-Day Treasury Bills Maturing December 24, 1964		182-Day Treasury Bills Maturing March 25, 1965	
	Price	Approx. equiv. annual rate	Price	Approx. equiv. annual rate
High	99.108	3.529%	98.136	3.687%
Low	99.103	3.549%	98.131	3.697%
Average	99.105	3.542%1	98.133	3.692%1

¹ On a coupon issue of the same length and for the same amount invested, the return on these bills would provide yields of 3.62 percent for the 91-day bills, and 3.81 percent for the 182-day bills. Interest rates on bills are quoted in terms of bank discount, with the return related to the face amount of the bills payable at maturity rather than the amount invested, and their length in actual number of days related to a 360-day year. In contrast, yields on certificates, notes, and bonds are computed in terms of interest on the amount invested, and relate the number of days remaining in an interest payment period to the actual number of days in the period, with semiannual compounding if more than one coupon period is involved.

(19 percent of the amount of 91-day bills bid for at the low price was accepted.)

(96 percent of the amount of 182-day bills bid for at the low price was accepted.)

Total Tenders Applied for and Accepted (By Federal Reserve Districts)

	91-Day Treasury Bills Maturing December 24, 1964		182-Day Treasury Bills Maturing March 25, 1965	
District	Applied for	Accepted	Applied for	Accepted
Boston	\$ 36,434,000	\$ 21,372,000	\$ 18,083,000	\$ 9,883,000
New York	1,567,217,000	862,182,000	1,216,065,000	677,645,000
Philadelphia	32,289,000	17,289,000	10,765,000	3,865,000
Cleveland	38,114,000	29,444,000	76,999,000	55,595,000
Richmond	16,428,000	16,428,000	5,069,000	4,169,000
Atlanta	25,092,000	19,310,000	19,266,000	16,261,000
Chicago	262,646,000	179,356,000	153,201,000	78,901,000
St. Louis	35,800,000	29,233,000	11,422,000	7,922,000
Minneapolis	23,981,000	16,075,000	7,025,000	5,005,000
Kansas City	33,363,000	30,363,000	8,043,000	7,943,000
Dallas	26,767,000	18,957,000	9,471,000	5,471,000
San Francisco	102,088,000	61,871,000	88,514,000	27,934,000
TOTAL	\$2,200,219,000	\$1,301,880,000a	\$1,623,923,000	\$900,594,000 ^b

a Includes \$246,116,000 noncompetitive tenders accepted at the average price of 99.105.

b Includes \$65,660,000 noncompetitive tenders accepted at the average price of 98.133.